

Unit 19

Stressed out !

Answer Key

See pages 84–87 SB, 112 WB

1 WORD POWER

1 WORD POWER A2

I know exactly how you feel you feel. I've had my appendix out. It was scary going into the operating theatre. / **I can imagine** what that flight must have been like. I've flown through rough weather too. / **I know exactly how you must feel.** I hate speaking in front of an audience.

Sample answers

1 WORD POWER C

1 Some events which can cause post-traumatic stress disorder: military combat, natural disasters, car accident, near-death experiences or violent personal assaults like rape.
 2 When overly stressed people become burnt out, they can develop depression over feelings of not being able to cope.

Sample answers

2 READING

2 READING A

- | | |
|----------|-------------|
| 1 frail | 2 procedure |
| 3 random | 4 bid |
| 5 proven | |

Answers

2 READING B2

Sample answers

People were stressed by reading out loud. Then, blood pressure was measured to see if the presence of fish in an aquarium reduced stress. It did.

4 LISTEN

DVD

4 LISTEN B, C, D

Answers

- B True: People's health improves; people giggle.
 False: People tell jokes; people talk to each other.
- C If you see other people laughing, you start laughing yourself / too.
- D 1 5,000 members.
 2 You see other people laughing.
 3 On 13 March, 1995, Madan Kataria went to a park and said she wanted to start a laughter club.
 4 Laughter yoga.

WORKBOOK: 1 WORD POWER

1 WORD POWER

Sample answers

1 I injured my back while I was *working out* at the gym. – **You must be feeling absolutely terrible.** Have you seen the doctor? / **There's nothing to worry about.** Take some painkillers. 2 I took the *red-eye* flight to Lisbon and feel really tired and stressed today. – **I can see how difficult it must be** for you to stay awake. You look really tired. / **It's not such a big thing.** Have some coffee. 3 My doctor said I need to *watch my diet* if I want to improve my health. – **I know exactly how you must be feeling.** My doctor said I needed more exercise. / **Let's try to keep things in perspective.** Just eat smaller portions. 4 I felt better after taking those *anti-depressants*, but I didn't like the side-effects. – **That must have been very hard for you.** Is there anything I can do? / **Everything's going to be fine.** You'll soon get used to them. 5 I'm worried about my husband – he finds it difficult to switch off and gets stressed. – **I feel so sorry for** both of you. It can be hard to leave work behind. / **Try to calm down; worrying won't help.** He just needs a hobby. 6 After serving in the army, my father developed *post-traumatic stress disorder*. – **I can imagine how painful it must have been** for him. Can he get any help for that? / **There's nothing to worry about.** It's a common reaction.

3 SPEAKING STRATEGIES: Anticipating questions

3 SPEAKING STRATEGIES

Answers

- 1 f 2 c 3 d 4 b 5 a 6 e

4 IDIOMS

4 IDIOMS

Answers

- 1 b 2 d 3 c 4 a 5 f 6 e

1 to lose the plot = to feel stressed or out of control
 2 to pay the price = to suffer the consequences 3 to compare notes = to check each other's information about something 4 just what the doctor ordered = exactly the right thing 5 to let off steam = to express strong feeling, release pent-up emotion
 6 an emotional rollercoaster = lead to very strong swings / variations in feelings / emotions